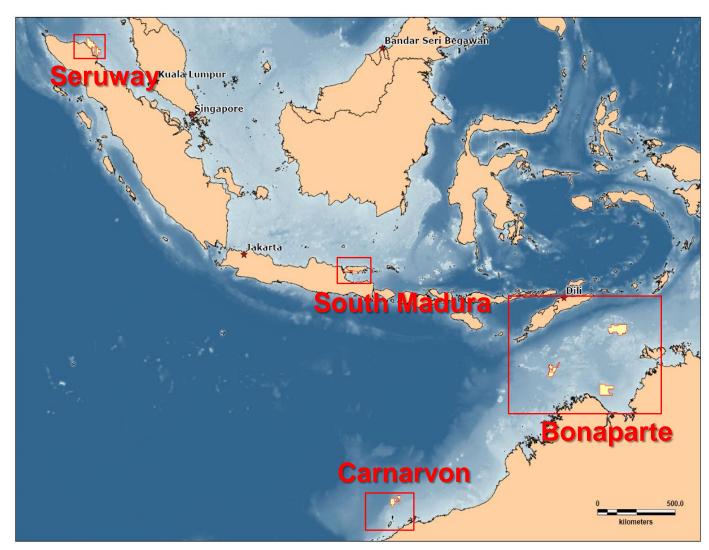


Poised to supply regional energy needs

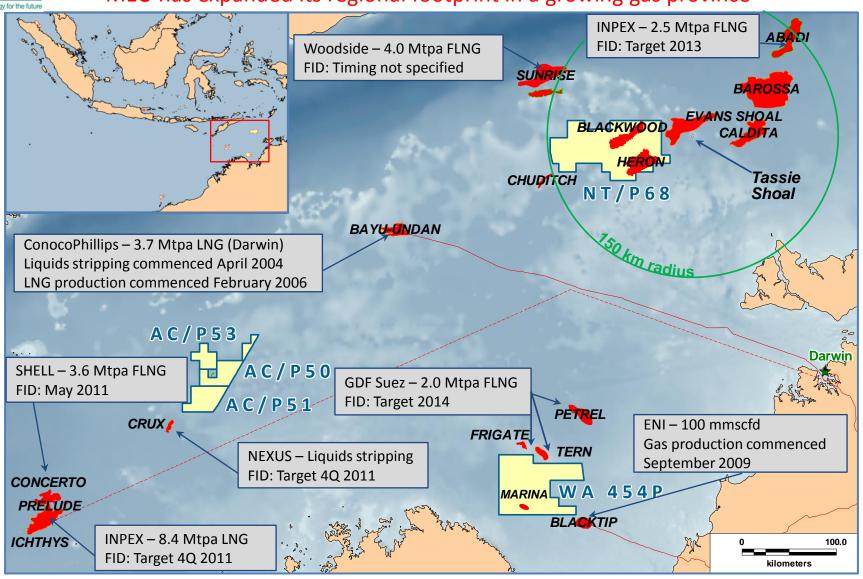


SEAAOC – 6th October 2011



A plethora of potential LNG projects

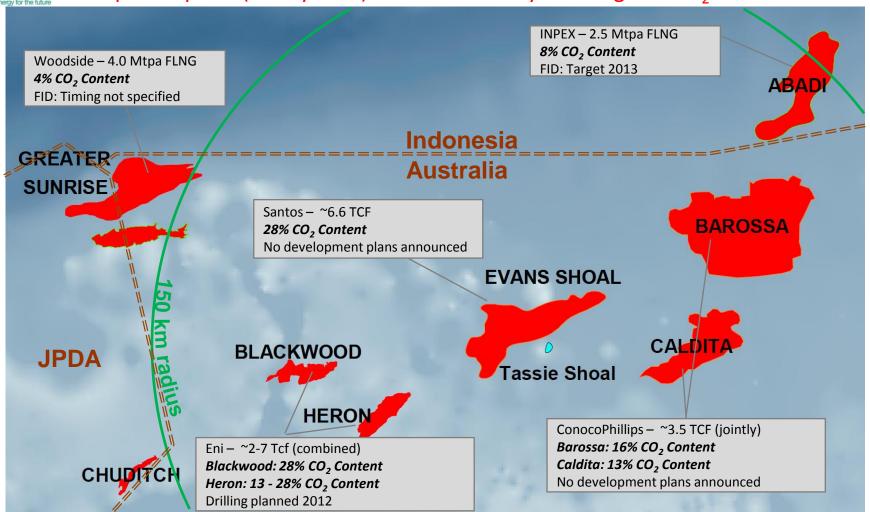
MEO has expanded its regional footprint in a growing gas province



A Pr

Prevailing paradigm = stand alone developments

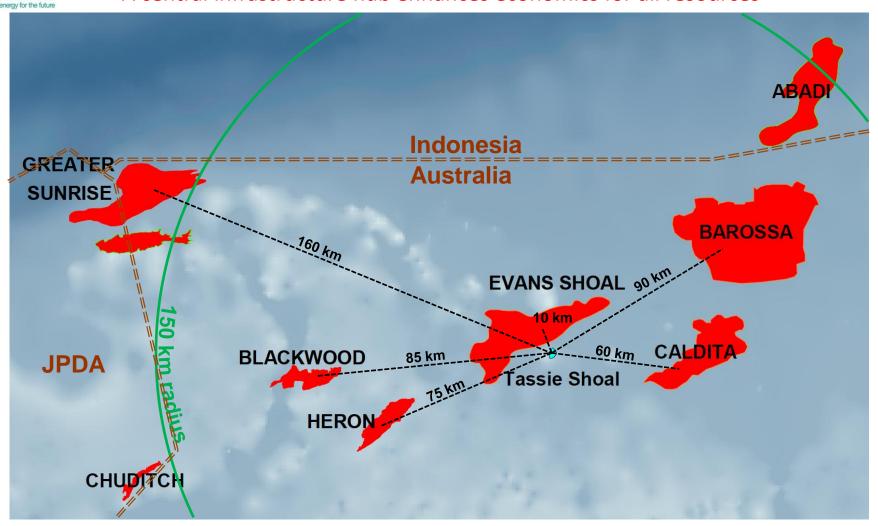
MEOAustralia Development plans (if they exist) are economically challenged – CO₂ adds to this



- What would an unconstrained optimised development look like?
- What CO₂ solution would be implemented?

Centralise hub becomes an economic enabler

A central infrastructure hub enhances economics for all resources

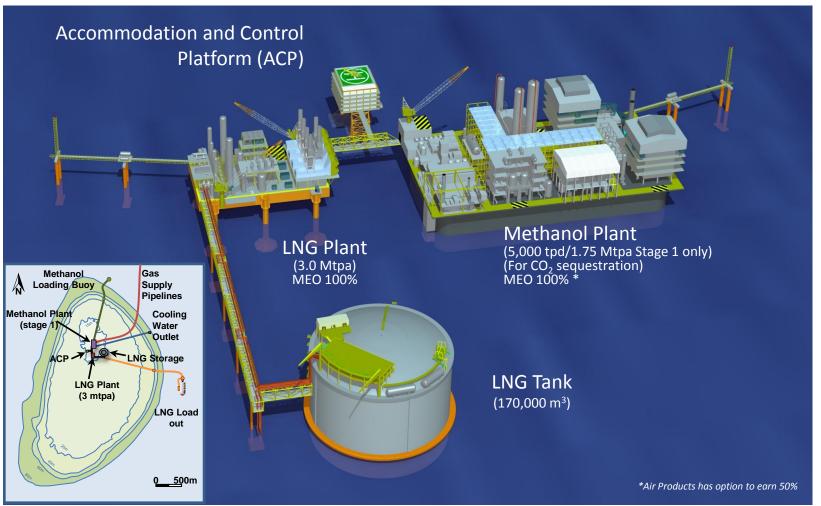


- Sufficient gas resources for multiple gas processing plants at Tassie Shoal
- Shared support facilities confers synergy benefits



Tassie Shoal gas processing hub

Overcomes remoteness, provides CO₂ solution, lowers commercial threshold



Environmental approvals in place until 2052!



Methanol plant on concrete GBS

Existing, proven technologies



DPT M5000 plant - Trinidad



ExxonMobil Adriatic Re-gas terminal



Technology to suit circumstances

EOAustralia Off the shelf, proven technology vs custom built, not yet in service technology







Shell's Prelude FLNG Project (incorporating Air Products LNG technology)

- 3.0 Mtpa LNG
- ~ US\$2bn development cost
- Ideal for shallow water

- 5.3 Mtpa total liquids production
- ~ US\$10 13bn development cost
- Ideal for deep water



Liquefaction of gas - methanol vs LNG

Methanol requires 25% CO₂ in feed gas & is a liquid at room temperature

	Methanol	LNG
Storage Temperature	Ambient	−162 °C
Asian Market Annual Growth	9.6% ^①	5.8% ^②
Minimum Resource size (for world scale plant – 20 years supply)	1.4 Tcf (incl. 25% CO ₂)	3.5 Tcf
Ideal CO ₂ in feed gas (mol %)	25%	< 3%
Product Price (US\$)	\$93 /boe (\$350 /tonne) ^③	\$75.5 /boe (\$13 /mmbtu) ^④
Product Yield (boe ^⑤ per mmcf methane)	121	176

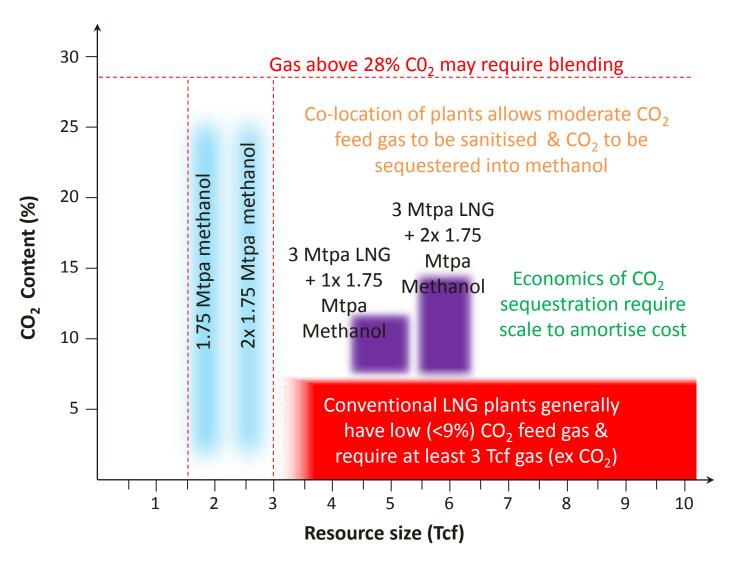
Notes:

- Source = Global Industry Analysts Feb 2011
- 2 Source = Woodmac Feb 2011
- Methanex Asian Posted Contract price (Jul 2008 Jul 2011) Source = www.methanex.com
- 4 LNG Japan Average (Jul 2008 Jul 2011) Source = World Bank Commodity Price Data
- (5) boe = barrel of oil equivalent (energy basis)



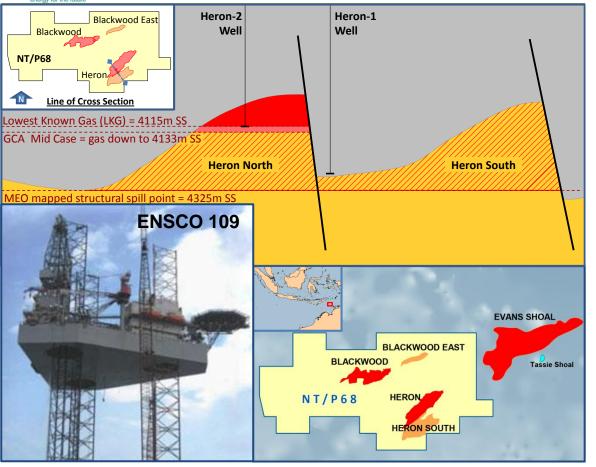
Modular projects allow for expansion

~1.5 Tcf raw gas – including 25% CO₂ starts the 1st methanol plant



Heron gas discovery – potential LNG scale

ENSCO 109 contracted to drill Heron-3 commencing March 2012



MEOAustralia

KEY FACTS	NT/P68 - Timor Sea, Australia
Strategic Objective	Develop Heron & Blackwood gas discoveries
MEO W.I.	50% ①
Operator	ENI Australia Ltd
Water Depth	40 – 100 metres
Reservoirs	Elang/Plover Formation
Permit Status	Year 2 of 5 year renewal
Activity	Heron-3 Well 2Q 2012 ²

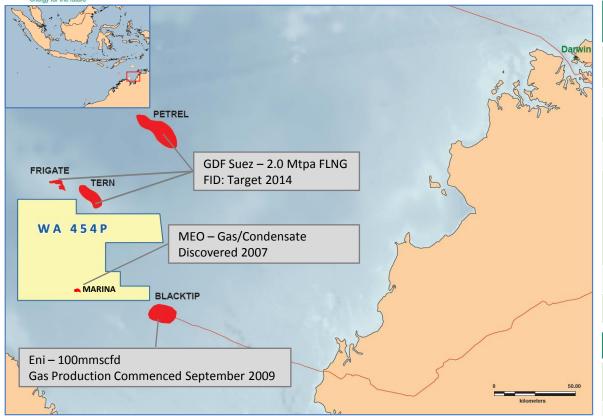
Gross Prospective Recoverable Resources					
Heron - <i>Discovery</i>	~5,000 BCF Raw Gas				
Blackwood- <i>Discovery</i>	1,000-1,500 BCF Raw Gas				

- ① See MEO's 18 May 2011 ASX Release for details
- ② See MEO's 4 October 2011 ASX Release for details

2011			2012				
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1 Q2 Q3			Q4
	Executed Farm-In with ENI		3D Seismic over Blackwood		Heron-3 Well ²		

Petrel sub-basin – liquids rich gas discovery

Liquids rich Marina gas discovery near existing & proposed gas developments



MEOAustralia

KEY FACTS	WA-454-P – Timor Sea, Australia
Strategic Objective	Discover & develop liquids rich gas resources
MEO W.I.	100%
Operator	MEO
Water Depth	~100 metres
Reservoirs	Contains Marina gas/condensate discovery. Adjacent to Petrel, Tern and Frigate fields and Eni's producing Blacktip field.
Permit Status	Awarded June 2011
Activity	2D seismic planned 1H 2012

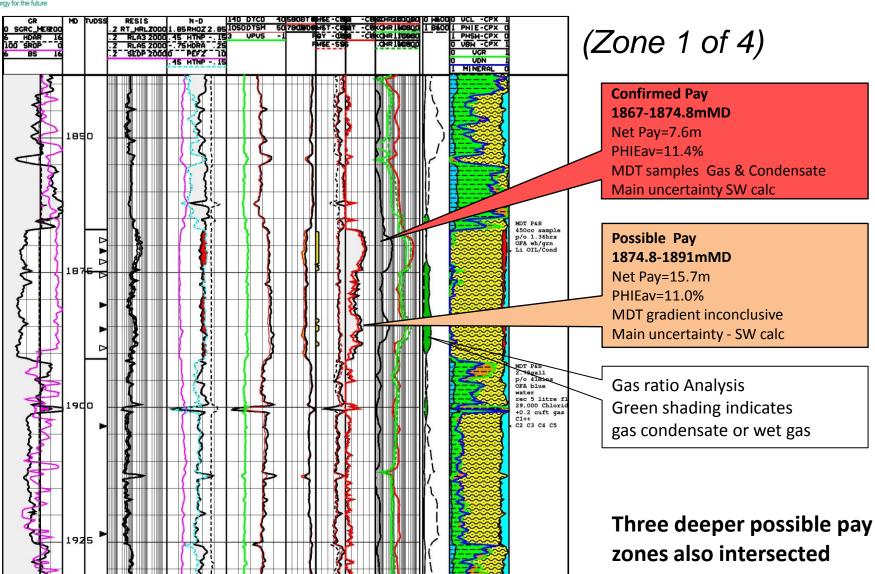
Gross Prospective Recoverable Resources						
Marina – Gas/condensate <i>Discovery</i>	Under Evaluation					
Lighthouse prospect – gas	Under Evaluation					
Breakwater Prospect - gas/cond	Under Evaluation					

2011			2012				
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
	Awarded WA- 454-P Permit				2D Seismic		



WA-454-P: Marina-1 gas discovery

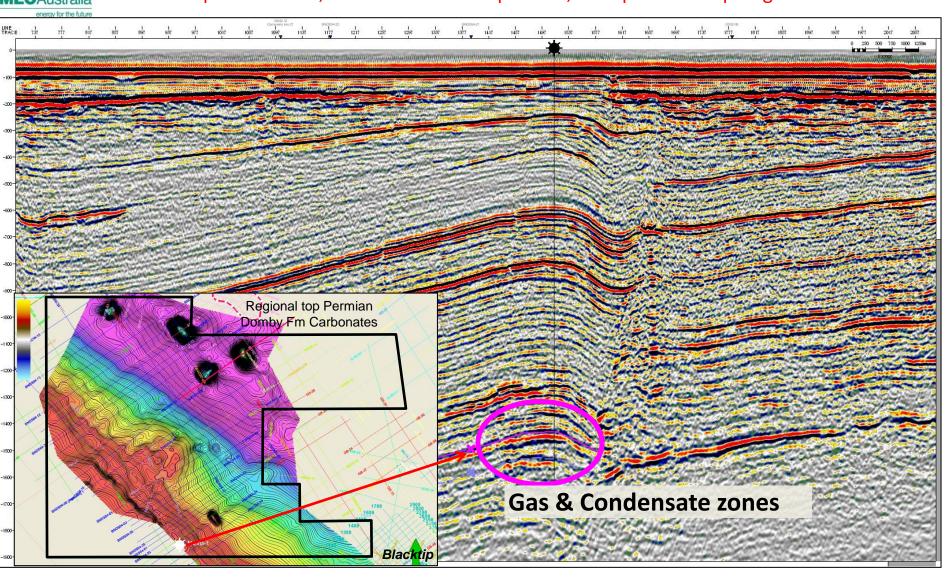
Liquids rich gas discovery in 4 zones





Marina discovery – one of several targets

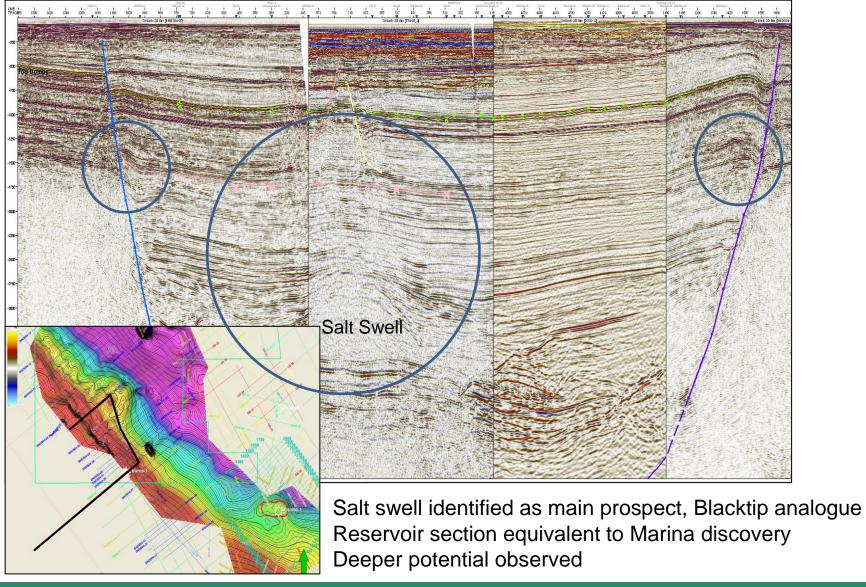
Multiple reservoirs, obvious seismic amplitudes, multiple follow up targets





WA-454-P: Breakwater prospect

Bright amplitudes in Blacktip equivalent reservoirs

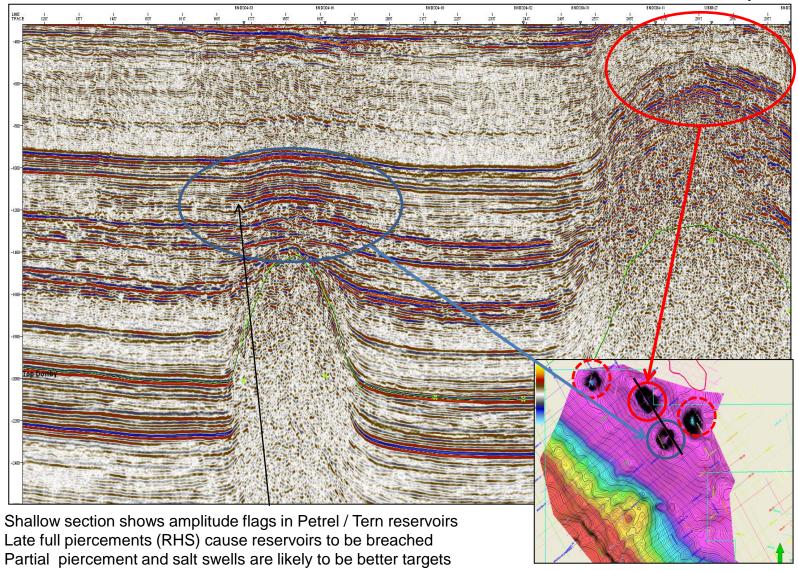




WA-454-P: Lighthouse prospect

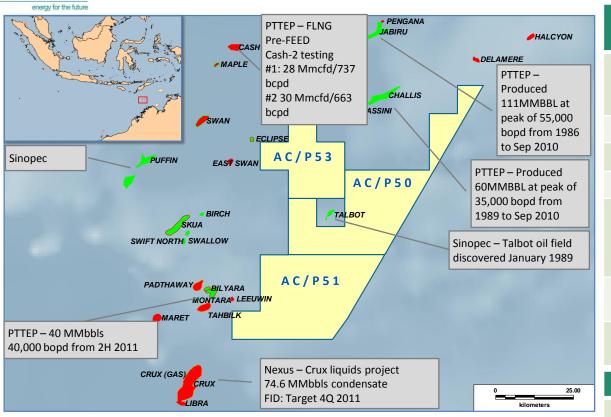
Amplitude brightening over structure created by partial salt piercement

Sandpiper-1 Dry Hole



Vulcan sub-basin – liquids rich gas & oil potential

Contiguous acreage position in liquids rich gas & productive oil fairway



MEOAustralia

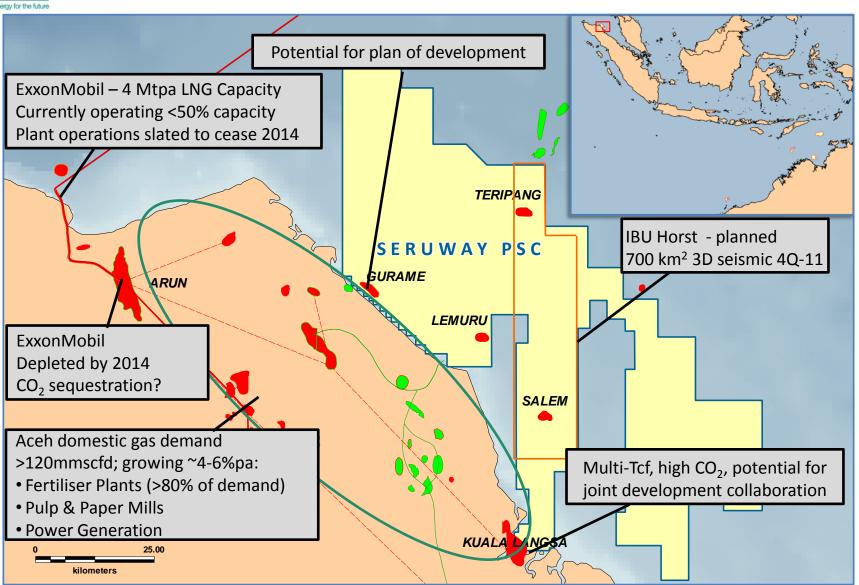
KEY FACTS	AC/P50, AC/P51, AC/P53 – Timor Sea, Australia
Strategic Objective	Explore for and prove up significant oil and liquids rich gas discoveries
MEO W.I.	100%
Operator	MEO
Water Depth	40 – 100 metres
Reservoirs	On trend with adjacent Crux gas/condensate and Talbot fields, with deeper potential within permits
Permit Status	AC/P50 & P51: Acquired 2010 AC/P53: Awarded June 2011
Activity	2D long-offset and 3D seismic planned 4Q 2011
Gross Pros	pective Recoverable Resources
AC/P50 - Lead	500-1,000 BCF / 20-80 MMMBBL
AC/P51 - Lead	500-1,000 BCF / ~75 MMBBL
AC/P53 - Lead	200-500 BCF / 10-20 MMBBL

2011			2012				
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
	Awarded AC/P53			Long Offset 2D 3D Seismic			



Seruway PSC – North Sumatra

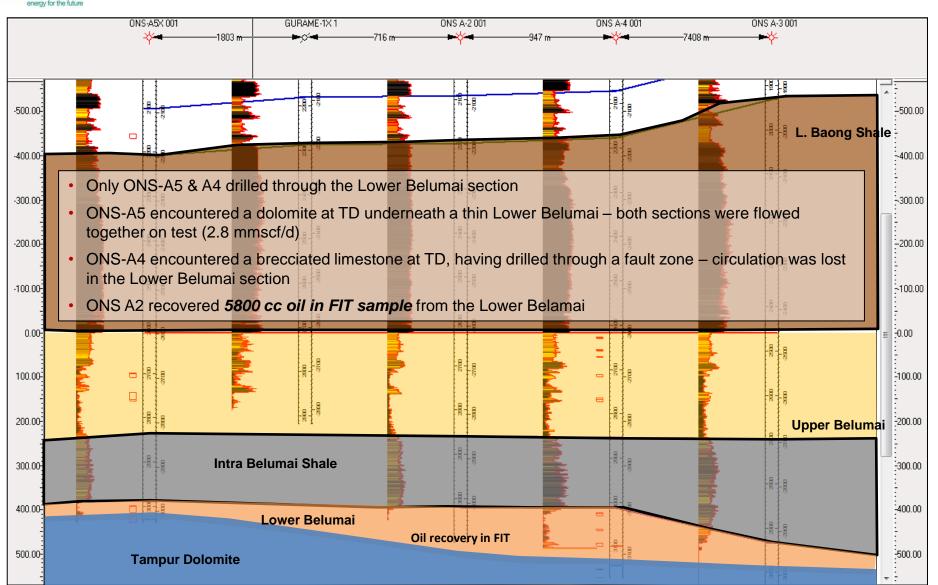
100% interest, multiple gas discoveries, local gas market, LNG export infrastructure





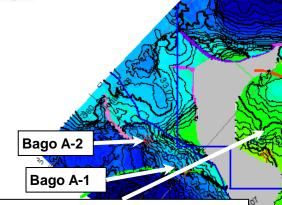
Gurame Field

Initial well blew out! Oil and low CO₂ gas recovered from Lower Belumai



Gurame field

Multiple well penetrations confirm recoverable oil and gas



ONS-A5X: Belumai Test 2.8 MMCF/D non-combustible 35% ? CO₂
A separate structural closure to the greater closure of ONS 1,2,3,4

Lower Belumai
Resource Hydrocarbon Estimates

Resource	Lower Belumai Hydrocarbon Estimates				
Estimates	P90	P50	P10		
Recoverable Gas (Bscf)	322	490	737		
Recoverable Oil (MMstb)	15	25	41		

ONS-A2: Drilled overbalanced

Gurame-1X: TD 2,915m (Belumai not penetrated)

L.Baong Recovered 45 API oil (Calc flow 4095 BOPD)

Belumai Recovered gas and 45 API oil. (Calc flow 1009 BOPD).

ONS-A1:

L Baong blew out and **burned gas and oil for several months** Intersected a fracture system?

ONS–A4: Drilled overbalanced and formation damaged? FITs and DSTs failed

Formation absent, Inter-Belumai Shales overlie Dolomites

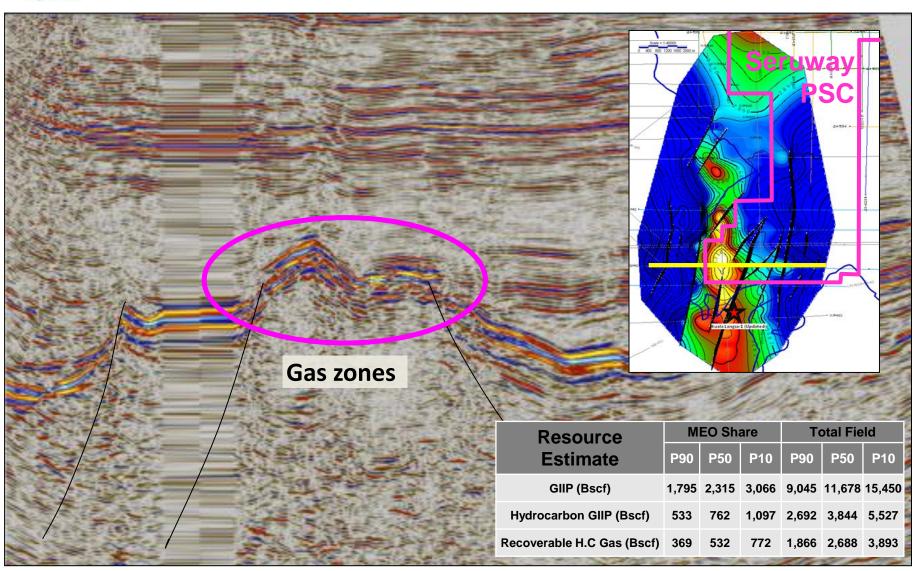
ONS A-3: Drilled heavily overbalanced Belumai Acidfrac DST approx 0.2 mmscf/d. **No CO₂**.

Idi N A-1: TD in the Lower Keutapang - did not reach Baong and Belumai sections



Kuala Langsa gas discovery

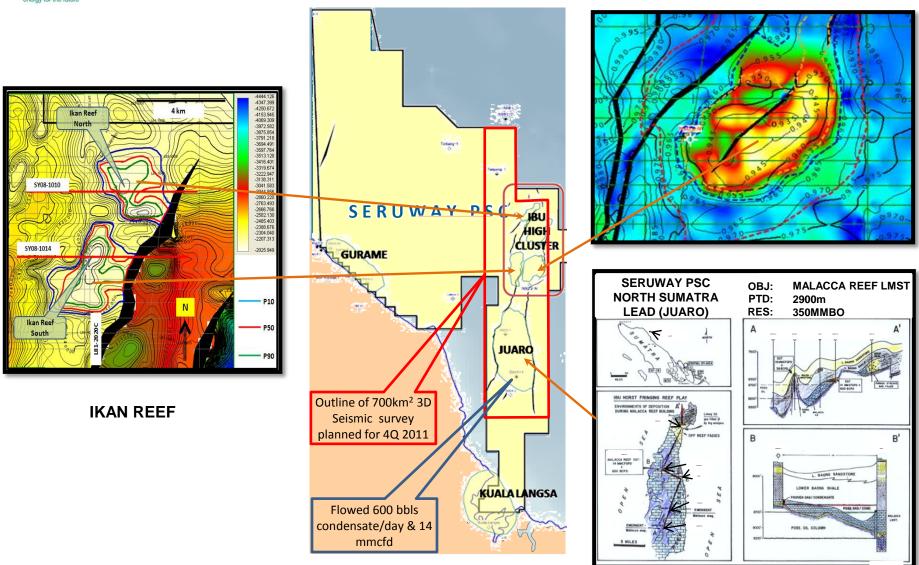
230m CO₂ rich gas column in high quality carbonate reservoir in large structure





Ibu horst structural high

Featuring multiple gas/condensate discoveries - 700km² 3D planned in 4Q 2011





Summary

Enhanced portfolio poised to deliver a number of potential developments

Tassie Shoal gas processing hub

- A natural solution for economically challenged, stranded gas
- Environmental approvals in place until 2052
- Unprecedented current interest from substantial international companies

Enhanced portfolio with 5 significant gas discoveries

- Heron NT/P68 (MEO 50% WI) Eni earning 50% by funding Heron-3 (2Q'11) & Heron-4
- Blackwood NT/P68 (MEO 50% WI) Eni option to acquire 3D & drill Blackwood-2
- Marina WA-454-P (MEO 100% WI) liquids rich gas with substantial follow up potential
- Gurame Seruway PSC (MEO 100% WI) plan of development under consideration
- Kuala Langsa Seruway PSC (MEO 100% WI) potential for collaborative development

Building a business to supply growing regional energy needs

- Tripled permits under tenure in last 12 months expanded internationally
 - Substantial potential to be further de-risked through seismic acquisition
- Joint Venture partnerships with Petrobras (North West Shelf) and Eni
- Substantial equity in multiple permits offers scope for new partnerships



Disclaimer

This presentation contains forward looking statements that are subject to risk factors associated with the oil and gas industry. It is believed that the expectations reflected in these statements are reasonable, but they may be affected by a variety of variables which could cause actual results or trends to differ materially, including but not limited to: price fluctuations, actual demand, currency fluctuations, drilling and production results, commercialisation, development progress, operating results, reserves estimates, loss of market, industry competition, environmental risks, legislative, fiscal and regulatory developments, economic and financial market conditions in various countries, approvals and cost estimates.

All references to dollars, cents or \$ in this presentation are to Australian currency, unless otherwise stated.